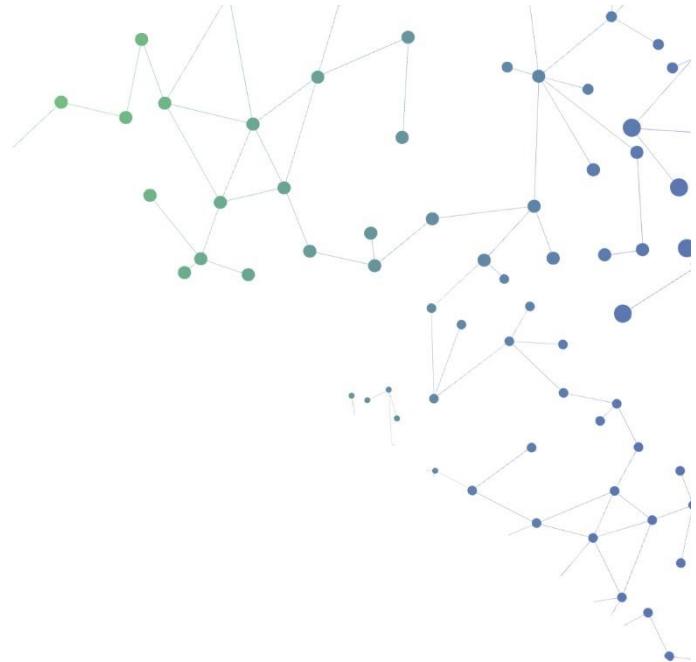




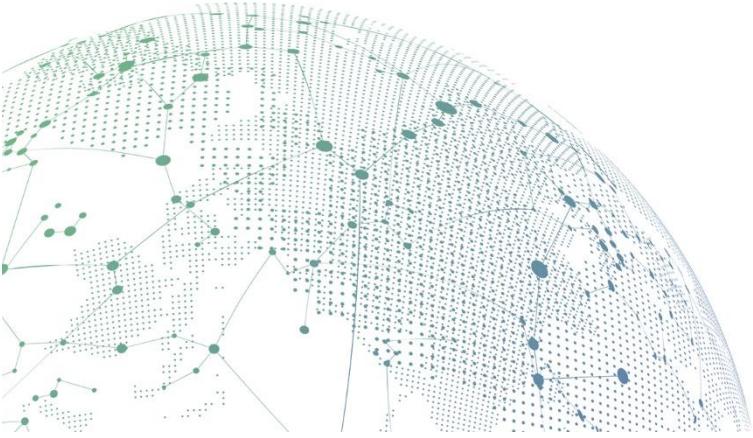
SANGFOR



## NGAF

# Pedoman yang Direkomendasikan untuk Skenario Security Policy Availability Check

Versi 8.0.17



## Data Perubahan

Tanggal	Keterangan Perubahan
Nov 2, 2020	Rilis dokumen.
May 17, 2021	Pembaruan dokumen.

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## BAB 1 Latar Belakang

Umumnya, setelah konfigurasi policy WAF dan IPS, kita tidak dapat memastikan apakah konfigurasi dari policy benar atau tidak, dan kita hanya menemukan konfigurasi terdapat kesalahan hanya setelah terjadinya penyerangan. Maka dari itu, diberikan metoda pengujian cepat dan mudah apakah policy dari WAF dan IPS telah efektif.

## BAB 2 Pengujian Efektifitas Policy WAF

### 2.1 SQL Injection

Untuk web server yang digunakan dalam intranet, cukup cari halamannya dan tambahkan ?id=1 and 1=1 setelah itu lihat pencatatan SQL injection. Jika tidak terdapat pencatatan maka WAF yang dikonfigurasi tidak efektif.

Contohnya: cari url: <http://192.200.200.134/>

Tambahkan **?id=1 and 1=1** sehingga url menjadi <http://192.200.200.134/?id=1 and 1=1>, masukan kedalam perambah/browser untuk mengunjunginya.

Saat ini, pencatatan SQL injection langsung akan muncul dengan tampilan sebagai berikut di bawah ini:

The screenshot shows the Sangfor Security Log interface. On the left, there's a navigation sidebar with various security modules like Status, Ransomware Protection, Security Operations, Asset Management, Business System Security, Monitor, Network, Objects, Policies, System, Authentication System, and Next Gen Security System. The main area is titled 'Business System Security' and 'Security Logs'. A table lists a single log entry from December 29, 2020, at 17:24:03. The log details a 'Web App Protection' event where a 'SQL injection' attack was detected. The source IP is 192.200.19.4, and the destination IP is 20.10.0.3. The severity is 'High'. A detailed view of this log is shown in a modal window. The 'Details' tab is selected, showing the 'Basic' section with fields like Time (2020-12-29 17:24:03), Type (SQL injection), Severity (High), and Method (GET). It also shows the URL (192.168.20.51:4430/dashboard?id=1 and 1=1) and the Rule ID (13020001). The 'Source' section shows WAN as the zone, 192.200.19.4 as the IP, and U.A.E as the location. The 'Destination' section shows LAN as the zone, 20.10.0.3 as the IP, and - as the location. The 'Description' field in the basic section notes that the attack takes advantage of vulnerabilities to steal data in databases, making Web business information disclosed and putting database account at risk.

### 2.2 XSS Injection

Untuk seb server yang digunakan dalam intranet, cari URL apapun dan tambahkan <script>alert(/xss/)</script> setelah itu lihat pencatatan untuk XSS. Jika tidak terdapat pencatatan maka WAF yang dikonfigurasi tidak efektif.

For the web server in the intranet, find any URL and add <script>alert(/xss/)</script> after

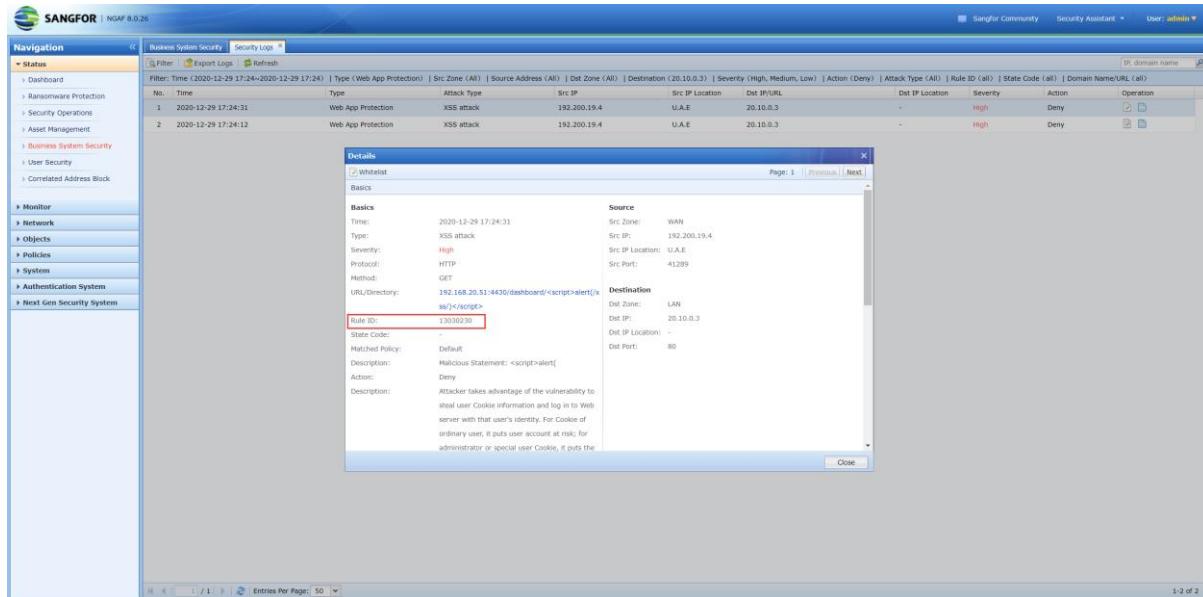
## Best Practice\_Security Policy Availability Check

the URL to see the XSS log. If there is no log, the WAF is not effective

Contohnya: cari url: http://192.200.200.134/

Tambahkan <script>alert(/xss/)</script> sehingga url menjadi http://192.200.200.134/<script>alert(/xss/)</script>, masukan kedalam perambah.browser untuk mengunjunginya.

Pencatatan XSS logs akan muncul dengan tampilan sebagai berikut di bawah ini:



The screenshot shows a security log interface from Sangfor. The main table lists two entries for 'Web App Protection' XSS attacks. The first entry is from 2020-12-29 17:24:31 with a severity of 'High'. The second entry is from 2020-12-29 17:24:12 with a severity of 'High'. Both entries show the source IP as 192.200.19.4 and destination IP as 20.10.0.3. The details dialog for the first entry is open, showing the URL as '192.168.20.51:4430/dashboard/<script>alert(/xss/)</script>' and the rule ID as '13000203'. The description notes that the attacker takes advantage of the vulnerability to steal user cookie information and log in to the web server with that user's identity. The action taken was 'Deny'.

## BAB 3 Pengujian Efektifitas IPS

### 3.1 Pengujian Kerentanan Aturan Web Server 1. Kerentanan pada IIS

http://server/1.asp;jpg

Ketika mengakses URL diatas, pencatatan dengan id aturan 16356 akan muncul, gambar seperti dibawah ini:

## Best Practice\_Security Policy Availability Check

The screenshot shows the Sangfor Security Log interface. The main table lists a single log entry:

No.	Time	Type	Attack Type	Src IP	Src IP Location	Dest IP/URL	Dest IP Location	Severity	Action	Operation
1	2020-12-29 17:30:15	Intrusion Prevention	web Vulnerability	192.200.19.4	U.A.E	20.10.0.3	-	Info	Deny	

A detailed view of the first log entry is shown in a modal window:

**Details**  
[Whitelist]  
**Basics**

Source:  
Time: 2020-12-29 17:30:15  
Type: web Vulnerability  
Severity: Info  
Protocol: TCP  
URL/Directory: 192.168.20.51:4430/dashboard/1.asp;.jpg  
Vulnerability ID: 14356  
Vulnerability Name: Microsoft IIS Malformed Local Filenam...  
Matched Policy: Default  
Description: It is not installed on server: Microsoft IIS. It is a tentative attack. Microsoft Internet Information Services 5.x and 6.x uses only the portion of a filename before a semicolon character to determine the file extension, which allows remote attackers to bypass intended extension restrictions of third-party uploaded applications via a filename with a .asp file extension, followed by a semicolon and a valid file extension such as .jpg.

Destination:  
Dest Zone: LAN  
Dest IP: 20.10.0.3  
Dest IP Location: -  
Dest Port: 80

**Solution:** Apache Malformed Local Filenam...  
**Reference:** -  
**Action:** Allow

## 3.2 Kerentanan pada Apache

<http://server/1.php.xx.oo>

Ketika mengakses URL diatas, pencatatan dengan id aturan 11020270 akan muncul, gambar seperti dibawah ini:

The screenshot shows the Sangfor Security Log interface. The main table lists two log entries:

No.	Time	Type	Attack Type	Src IP	Src IP Location	Dest IP/URL	Dest IP Location	Severity	Action	Operation
1	2020-12-29 17:30:37	Intrusion Prevention	web Vulnerability	192.200.19.4	U.A.E	20.10.0.3	-	Medium	Allow	
2	2020-12-29 17:30:32	Intrusion Prevention	web Vulnerability	192.200.19.4	U.A.E	20.10.0.3	-	Medium	Allow	

A detailed view of the second log entry is shown in a modal window:

**Details**  
[Whitelist]  
**Basics**

Source:  
Time: 2020-12-29 17:30:37  
Type: web Vulnerability  
Severity: Medium  
Protocol: TCP  
URL/Directory: 192.168.20.51:4430/dashboard/1.php.xx.oo  
Vulnerability ID: 11020270  
Vulnerability Name: Apache Malformed Local Filenam...  
Matched Policy: Default  
Description: If \$0 not identify suffix, then judge \$1, until find can identify suffix so far, then this can identify suffices into analysis, test.php\$1.x\$2.x\$3 will be analysis for test.php.  
Solution: Apache Update:<http://www.apache.org/>  
Reference: -  
Action: Allow

Destination:  
Dest Zone: LAN  
Dest IP: 20.10.0.3  
Dest IP Location: -  
Dest Port: 80



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